SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision3 November 2017Version 11

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: Delstar Acrylic Enamel	
Product code	: DAR-1	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272	
Emergency telephone number	: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)	
Technical Phone Number	: (740) 363-9610 (DELAWARE, OH) 8:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. EST	

Section 2. Hazards identification

lered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
S - Category 2 ermal) - Category 4 halation) - Category 4 category 2 ategory 2A N - Category 1 - Category 1A JCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B JCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 DRGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract DRGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - DRGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous g organs, kidneys, liver) - Category 1 D - Category 1
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Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 2. Hazards identification

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 100% (Oral), 100% (Dermal), 100% (Inhalation)

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, kidneys, liver)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 2. Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
Hazards not otherwise	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- : Mixture
- Product name
- : Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	100	1330-20-7
diiron trioxide	≥75 - ≤90	1309-37-1
titanium dioxide	≥50 - ≤75	13463-67-7
Mica-group minerals	≥50 - ≤75	12001-26-2
n-butyl acetate	≥20 - ≤50	123-86-4
ethylbenzene	≥20 - ≤43	100-41-4
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	≥10 - ≤20	64741-65-7
heptan-2-one	≥10 - ≤20	110-43-0
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	≥10 - ≤20	14807-96-6
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	≥10 - ≤20	7429-90-5
ammonium iron(3+) hexakis(cyano-C)ferrate(4-)	≥5.0 - ≤10	25869-00-5
butanone	≥5.0 - ≤10	78-93-3
toluene	≥5.0 - ≤10	108-88-3
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤10	108-65-6
zirconium dioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1314-23-4
tin dioxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	18282-10-5
Stoddard solvent	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	8052-41-3
Isopropyl alcohol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	67-63-0
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-95-6
proprietary substituted quinacridone	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Not available.
[1,3,8,16,18,24-hexabromo-2,4,9,10,11,15,17,22,23,25-decachloro-29H,31H-	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	14302-13-7
phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper		
carbon black, respirable powder	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1333-86-4
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	41556-26-7
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-48-9
aluminium hydroxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	21645-51-2
benzyl butyl phthalate	<1.0	85-68-7
	United State	es Page: 3/21

United States

Page: 4/21

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

2-butanone oxime		<1.0	96-29-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<	10 microns)	<1.0	14808-60-7
2-ethylhexanoic acid		<1.0	149-57-5

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

<u>n effects</u>
: Causes serious eye irritation.
: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
: Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
/symptoms
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 4. First aid measures

unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformationsSkin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformationsIngestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformationsIngestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformationsIndication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed. If necessaryNotes to physician Protection of first-aiders: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or suspected that fumes are still present. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			
irritation irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Specific treatments : No specific treatment. Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water			reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformationsIndication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessaryNotes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No specific treatment.Specific treatments: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to 	Skin contact	:	irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
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suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water	Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
	Protection of first-aiders	:	suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides Formaldehyde.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Section 7. Handling and storage

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Precautions for safe handlin	<u>g</u>
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
diiron trioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Mica-group minerals	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 20 mppcf 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
- the Decomposition	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	None.
heptan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³
aluminium powder (stabilised)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ , (as AI) 8 hours. Form: Total
	United States Page: 8/21

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>, </u>	United States Page: 9/21
proprietary substituted quinacridone	ACGIH TLV (United States).
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
Column pontation (notroloum) light arrantic	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 2900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Stoddard solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ Form: Total dust
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
tin dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr)
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr)
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
zirconium dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	STEL: 90 ppm
	TWA: 30 ppm
	skin.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IPEL (PPG, 10/2017). Absorbed through
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 300 ppm
	AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
toluene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
taluana	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 885 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
butanone	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	Absorbed through skin.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	C: 5 mg/m ³
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hours.
ammonium iron(3+) hexakis(cyano-C)ferrate(4-)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	dust

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ , (Dusts and mists) Form: Inhalable fraction
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (Dusts and mists) Form:
	Respirable fraction
[1,3,8,16,18,24-hexabromo-2,4,9,10,11,15,17,22,23,25-decachloro-29H, 31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper	None.
carbon black, respirable powder	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
his (1, 2, 2, 6, c, nontermethy) (1, ninerichy) as hearsts	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	None. None.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy aluminium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
benzyl butyl phthalate	None.
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 3 ppm
	STEL: 9 ppm
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 50 µg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust
2-ethylhexanoic acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction and vapor
Key to abbreviations	
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak	S = Potential skin absorption
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. C = Ceiling Limit	SR = Respiratory sensitization SS = Skin sensitization
0	STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD = Total dust
OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV = Threshold Limit Value
R = Respirable Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances	TWA = Time Weighted Average
Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.	
Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with e	exposure limits, personal, workplace
	be required to determine the effectiveness of
the ventilation or other control measures	
protective equipment. Reference should	be made to appropriate monitoring standards.
Reference to national guidance docume	nts for methods for the determination of

hazardous substances will also be required.

United States Page: 10/21

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>'es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Chemical splash goggles.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

-		
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	>37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -6.11°C (21°F)
Material supports combustion.	:	Yes.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.99
Density(Ibs / gal)	:	8.26
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.14 cm²/s (<14 cSt)
Volatility	1	59% (v/v), 52% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	1	47.92

Physical property values shown in this section are calculated averages. For specific product information, contact your PPG Sales Representative.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
diiron trioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>11 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	_
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	_
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	_
acetate			• <u>9</u> 9	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	_
tin dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>20 g/kg	_
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	_
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	72600 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.396 g/kg	_
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	_
light aromatic			o. to grild	
ingite al officialo	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	_
carbon black, respirable	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	_
powder			0 9/10	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	_
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.125 g/kg	_
4-piperidyl) sebacate			ee gg	
Naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	_
hydrotreated heavy			• 55	
benzyl butyl phthalate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>6700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	6700 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.33 g/kg	_
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	_
2-ethylhexanoic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.26 g/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	
		i lui	1000 119/Kg	

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 11. Toxicological information

	-								
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species	Score	Exposure	Observation			
x ylene	Skin - Mod	lerate irritar	nt Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-			
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There are	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Eyes	: There are	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.							
Respiratory	: There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixtu	ure itself.					
Sensitization									
Conclusion/Summary									
Skin	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.								
Respiratory	: There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixtu	ure itself.					
Mutagenicity									
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data a	vailable on the mixtu	ure itself.					
Carcinogenicity									
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixtu	ure itself.					
<u>Classification</u>									
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP						
x ylene	-	3	-						
diiron trioxide	-	3	-						
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-						
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-						
toluene	-	3	-						
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-						
carbon black, respirable powder	-	2B	-						
benzyl butyl phthalate	-	3	-						
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	1	Known to be a hum	nan carcinog	en.				

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category
xylene	Category 3
n-butyl acetate	Category 3
Talc, not containing asbestiform fibres	Category 3
butanone	Category 3
toluene	Category 3
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2
toluene	Category 2
Stoddard solvent	Category 1
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, spleen, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, ears, testes, thyroid.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Stoddard solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	 Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs	./ <u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u>
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product either contains formaldehyde or is capable of releasing formaldehyde above 0.5 ppm under certain conditions. Formaldehyde is a known cancer hazard, a skin sensitizer and a respiratory sensitizer. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Long term exposure	_
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects	There are no data available on the mixture itself.	
Potential chronic health eff	<u>i</u>	
General	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.)
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	May damage the unborn child.	
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	Suspected of damaging fertility.	
Numerical measures of toxi		

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Øral	7802.8 mg/kg	
Dermal	1950.2 mg/kg	
Inhalation (gases)	5880.7 ppm	
Inhalation (vapors)	15.19 mg/l	
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.96 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Young of the year	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 161 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
x ylene	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue 3 November 2017 Version 11

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low
heptan-2-one	1.98	-	low
butanone	0.29	-	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	0.56	-	low
acetate			
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
benzyl butyl phthalate	4.73	16.22	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low
2-ethylhexanoic acid	2.64	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	1263	1263	1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(benzyl butyl phthalate, bis(1,2, 2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	62.04	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, ethylbenzene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT	: Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304 SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Product name Delstar Acrylic Enamel

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
x ylene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	-
titanium dioxide	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	ł
n-butyl acetate	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
Naphtha (petroleum), heavy alkylate	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
heptan-2-one	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
aluminium powder (stabilised)	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.	ł
butanone	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
toluene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.	ł
Stoddard solvent	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
Isopropyl alcohol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
proprietary substituted quinacridone	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.	ł
[1,3,8,16,18,24-hexabromo-2,4,9,10, 11,15,17,22,23,25-decachloro-29H, 31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30, N31,N32]copper	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	
carbon black, respirable powder	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	ł
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.	ł
benzyl butyl phthalate	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
2-butanone oxime	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	ł
2-ethylhexanoic acid	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	ł

<u>SARA 313</u>

	<u>Chemical name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
Supplier notification	: xylene	1330-20-7	60 - 100
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	10 - 30
	Aluminium powder (stabilized)	7429-90-5	7 - 13
	ammonium iron(3+) hexakis(cyano-C)ferrate(4-)	25869-00-5	5 - 10
	toluene	108-88-3	5 - 10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 1

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Organization that prepared the MSDS: EHSKey to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)		lity : 3 Instability : 1
the MSDS Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)	Date of previous issue :	//24/2017
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)		EHS
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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.