

888-839-2661 | sales@vexcon.com | 7240 State Road | Philadelphia, PA 19135 VEXCON.COM

HAZARD RATING 4=EXTREME 3=HIGH 2=MODERATE 1=SLIGHT 0=INSIGNIFICANT

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	2
REACTIVITY	0

SAFETY DATA SHEET VEXCON NO. CP103-AIM

# POWERCOAT EPOXY HD AIM CLEAR PART A

#### **SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION**

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION:				
POWERCOAT EPO	DXY HD AIM CLEAR PART A			
VOC CONTENT:	AS APPLIED:<300 GRAMS/LITER OR <2.50 #/GAL			
	PART A ONLY: 380 g/L (37%) PART B ONLY: 220 g/L (63%)			
CATEGORY:	INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE COATING			
COMMON NAME:	EPOXY COATING FOR CONCRETE			
MANUFACTURER:	VEXCON CHEMICALS, INC			
ADDRESS	7240 STATE RD, PHILADELPHIA, PA 19135			
EMERGENCY NO;	800.858.2828 (PolySat Inc)			
TELEPHONE NO:	215.332.7709 (Vexcon)			
CHEMTREC NO:	800.424.9300 (CCN# 23822)			
PREPARED:	MAY 1996			
UPDATED:	DECEMBER 2013			
PREPARED BY:	DARRY F. MANUEL , PRESIDENT			

#### **SECTION II - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

#### **DOT SHIPPING NAME:**

UN ID NUMBER / SHIPPING NAME / HAZARD CLASS / PKG GROUP IN CONTAINERS LESS THAN 119 GALS:

UN 1866, RESIN SOLUTION(TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE), FLAMMABLE, 3, PGII,

IN CONTAINERS GREATER THAN 119 GALS: UN 1866, RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE), FLAMMABLE, 3, II,

FOR LIMITED QUANTITY AIR & OCEAN SHIPMENT: UN 1866, RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE), FLAMMABLE, 3, II, LIMITED QUANTITY

#### LTD QTY Limits:

Passenger Air Limit 60L (15.8gal); Cargo Air Limit 220L (58.1gal)

ORM-D: MAX. 30 Kg gross wt

HEALTH AND SAFETY: FLAMMABLE OR COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID: USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION: IF SWALLOWED, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING: USE OF SOLVENT RESISTANT GLOVES, GOGGLES AND OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING THIS PRODUCT: ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO THE LUNGS CAN CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL: USE OF RESPIRATORS IS ADVISED WHEN USING PRODUCT IN CONFINED AREA.







#### **SECTION III HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

MATERIAL OR COMPONENTS	CAS NO.	%	HAZARD DATA	UN#
STYRENE ACRYLATE POLYMER	25036-16- 2	40-50%	ND	NONE
TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE	540-88-5	10-20%	OSHA HAZARD: FLAMMABLE LIQUID OSHA PEL: 200 ppm ACGIH TLV: 200 ppm	1123
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (Petroleum), LIGHT AROMATIC (AROMATIC 100)	64742-95- 6	10-20%	TLV 50ppm OSHA HAZARD: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID EXXON/MOBIL RCP 19ppm (TWA)	1268
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER	2807-30-9	5-15%	OSHA HAZARD: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID Dow IHG 20 ppm TWA ILO 20 ppm, 86 mg/m3	1993
MODIFIED ALIPHATIC AMINE	6861056	5-10%	CORROSIVE SKIN/ORAL	
(AR100) THE AROMA SECT			CONTAINS THE FO	LLOWING
COMPONENT	CAS NO.	MAX %	HAZARD DATA	UN#
1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE (PSEUDOCUMENE)	95-63-6	2.5%	OSHA PEL: NE ACGIH TLV: 25ppm (TWA)	1993
XYLENES	1330-20-7	<2.2%	OSHA Z1 100ppm (TWA) ACGIH TLV 100ppm (TWA) NIOSH REL 100 ppm (TWA)	1307
CUMENE	98-82-8	<1.1%	OSHA Z1 50ppm (TWA) ACGIH TLV 50ppm (TWA)	1918

#### SECTION IV FIRST AID MEASURES

# HEALTH HAZARD DATA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION BASIS FOR CLASSIFICATION SOURCE

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:			
THIS PRODUCT MAY CREATE BREATHING DIFFICULTIES. DIZZINESS, LIGHTHEADEDNE WHEN WORKING IN AREAS WITH HIGH VAPO CONCENTRATION. VAPOR INHALATION CAN CAUSE NASAL AND RESPIRATORY IRRITATION, DIZZINESS, WEAKNESS, FATIGUE, NAUSEA OR HEADAC Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components			
SKIN CONTACT:	THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT. Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components		
SKIN ABSORPTION:	THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT. Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components		

EYE CONTACT:	THIS PRODUCT MAY BE AN EYE IRRITANT.  Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components
INGESTION / INHALATION	CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING. SMALL AMOUNTS OF LIQUID ASPIRATED INTO THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DURING INGESTION, OR FROM VOMITING, MAY CAUSE BRONCHOPNEUMONIA OR PULMONARY EDEMA. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:	TLV 50 ppm AR-100 ANESTHESIA, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, DIZZINESS. LIQUIDS MODERATELY IRRITATING ON SKIN AND EYES.
ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE:	ANESTHESIA, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, DIZZINESS: MODERATE IRRITATION BY LIQUID TO SKIN AND EYES. PROLONGED CONTACT ON THE SKIN WILL CLAY AND DEFAT THE SKIN POSSIBLY CAUSING DERMATITIS.
EMERGENCY A	AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:
EYES:	FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.
SKIN:	WASH WITH SOAP AND LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF SKIN IRRITATION DEVELOPS AND PERSISTS.
INHALATION:	MOVE TO LOCATION FREE FROM VAPORS. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. IF BREATHING STOPS, BEGIN ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION AND SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.  NOTE: THIS MATERIAL RELEASES ETHYL ALCOHOL UPON HYDROLYSIS. ETHYL ALCOHOL CAUSES OPTIC NEUROPATHY, METABOLIC ACIDOSIS AND RESPIRATORY DEPRESSION. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INCLUDE HEADACHE, BLURRED VISION, CONSTRICTED VISUAL FIELDS, SHORTNESS OF BREATH, DIZZINESS AND VERTIGO.
INGESTION:	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

THIS DOODLICT MAY BE AN EVE IDDITANT

#### SECTION V FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

	EXCLUDE AIR. FIRES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT MAY
	BE CONTROLLED BY <b>REGULAR FOAM, CARBON</b>
EXTINGUISHING	DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICALS OR WATER SPRAY.
MEDIA:	WATER MAY BE USED TO REDUCE THE RATE OF
	BURNING AND FOR COOLING PURPOSES. AVOID
	SPRAYING WATER DIRECTLY INTO STORAGE
	CONTAINERS DUE TO DANGER OF BOIL OVER.
	FLAMMABLE - CAN FORM COMBUSTIBLE MIXTURES
	AT TEMPERATURES AT OR ABOVE THE FLASH POINT.
	STATIC DISCHARGE - MATERIAL CAN ACCUMULATE
	STATIC CHARGES WHICH CAN CAUSE AN
	INCENDIARY ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE. "EMPTY"
	CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE (LIQUID
GENERAL	AND/OR VAPOR) AND CAN BE DANGEROUS. DO NOT
HAZARD:	PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND. OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT.
	FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER
	SOURCES OF IGNITION: THEY MAY EXPLODE AND
	CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH, EMPTY DRUMS SHOULD
	BE COMPLETELY DRAINED, PROPERLY BUNGED AND
	PROMPTLY RETURNED TO A DRUM RECONDITIONER,
	OR PROPERLY DISPOSED OF.
ELECTRO-	
STATIC	LICE DECDED CECHNEING
ACCUMULATION	USE PROPER GROUNDING
HAZARD:	
	IF STORAGE CONTAINERS ARE EXPOSED TO
	EXCESSIVE HEAT, <b>OVER PRESSURIZATION</b> OF THE
UNUSUAL FIRE	CONTAINERS CAN RESULT.
AND	VAPOR IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND MAY TRAVEL
EXPLOSION	ALONG THE GROUND OR THROUGH VENTILATION
HAZARD:	SYSTEM CONSIDERABLE DISTANCE TO A SOURCE OF
III LAND.	IGNITION AND FLASH BACK.
	KEEP WORK AREAS FREE OF HOT METAL SURFACES
	AND OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION.

	THE USE OF <b>SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING</b>
	APPARATUS WITH FULL FACE PIECE OPERATED IN
	PRESSURE-DEMAND OR OTHER POSITIVE PRESSURE
	MODE SHOULD BE PROVIDED FOR FIRE FIGHTERS IN
	BUILDINGS OR CONFINED AREAS WHERE THIS
SPECIAL FIRE	PRODUCT IS STORED.
FIGHTING	STORAGE CONTAINERS EXPOSED TO FIRE SHOULD
PROCEDURES	BE KEPT COOL WITH WATER SPRAY IN ORDER TO
PROCEDURES	PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD UP.
	USE WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE EXPOSED
	SURFACES AND TO PROTECT PERSONNEL. ISOLATE
	"FUEL" SUPPLY FROM FIRE.
	AVOID SPREADING BURNING LIQUID WITH WATER
	USED FOR COOLING PURPOSES.

#### SECTION VI ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:
ELIMINATE SOURCES OF IGNITION (FLARES, FLAMES, PILOT LIGHTS,
ELECTRICAL SPARKS). PREVENT ADDITIONAL DISCHARGE OF
MATERIAL; IF POSSIBLE TO DO SO WITHOUT HAZARD. FOR SMALL
SPILLS, IMPLEMENT CLEANUP PROCEDURES. FOR LARGE SPILL,
IMPLEMENT CLEAN UP PROCEDURES AND, IF IN PUBLIC AREA, KEEP
PUBLIC AWAY AND ADVISE AUTHORITIES. DIKE SPILL AREA WITH SAND
OR EARTH TO CONTAIN SPILLED LIQUID AND PREVENT SPREADING. DO
NOT USE COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS SUCH AS SAWDUST. PUMP LIQUID
TO SALVAGE TANK. REMAINING LIQUID CAN BE TAKEN UP ON SAND,
EARTH, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR WITH ANOTHER SUITABLE ABSORBENT
MATERIAL AND SHOVELED INTO CONTAINERS. CONSULT AN EXPERT ON
DISPOSAL OF RECOVERED MATERIAL AND ENSURE CONFORMITY TO
EPA, FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL DISPOSAL REGULATIONS.

#### **SECTION VII HANDLING AND STORAGE**

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: PERSONNEL SHOULD AVOID INHALATION OF VAPORS. PERSONAL CONTACT WITH THE PRODUCT SHOULD BE AVOIDED. SHOULD CONTACT BE MADE, REMOVE SATURATED APPAREL AND FLUSH AFFECTED BODY AREAS WITH WATER. CLOTHING MUST BE WASHED AND DRIED BEFORE REUSE. CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE (VAPOR, LIQUID AND/OR SOLID). ALL HAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THIS DATA SHEET MUST BE OBSERVED.

FIRE FIGHTING: WATER MAY BE UNSUITABLE AS AN EXTINGUISHING MEDIUM BUT HELPFUL IN KEEPING ADJACENT CONTAINERS COOL. AVOID SPREADING BURNING LIQUID WITH WATER USED FOR COOLING PURPOSES. PERSONNEL SHOULD AVOID INHALATION OF VAPORS.

OTHER HANDLING AND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS: STORE AND USE IN WELL VENTILATED AREA, EQUIVALENT TO FRESH AIR. KEEP CONTAINERS COOL, DRY, AND AWAY FROM SOURCES OF IGNITION. KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED. DO NOT STORE WITH INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS. STORE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. DO NOT STORE OR CONSUME FOOD, DRINK, OR TOBACCO IN AREAS WHERE THEY MAY BECOME CONTAMINATED WITH THIS MATERIAL. KEEP AWAY FROM HIGH TEMPERATURES, OPEN FLAMES, SPARKS, SOURCES OF IGNITION, ETC. USE WITH EXPLOSION PROOF EQUIPMENT IS HIGHLY ADVISABLE.

#### SECTION VIII EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS: LOCAL MECHANICAL VENTILATION MAY BE SUFFICIENT TO KEEP PRODUCT VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS WITHIN SPECIFIED TIME-WEIGHTED TLV RANGES. IF LOCAL VENTILATION PROVES INADEQUATE TO MAINTAIN SAFE VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS, SUPPLEMENTAL LOCAL EXHAUST MAY BE REQUIRED. OTHER SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS SUCH AS RESPIRATORY MASKS OR ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAINMENT DEVICES MAY BE REQUIRED IN EXTREME CASES.

RESPIRATORY (SPECIFY IN DETAIL): THE USE OF RESPIRATORY PROTECTION DEPENDS ON VAPOR CONCENTRATION ABOVE THE TIME WEIGHTED TLV: USE OF OSHA APPROVED CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR OR GAS MASK OR AIR-PACK. CHEMICAL CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR: HALF MASK ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE. FULL FACE ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE IF EYE PROTECTION IS NEEDED.

**EYES:** CHEMICAL GOGGLES AND/OR FACE SHIELD ARE RECOMMENDED TO SAFEGUARD AGAINST POTENTIAL EYE CONTACT, IRRITATION OR INJURY.

**GLOVES:** THE USE OF IMPERMEABLE GLOVES IS ADVISED TO PREVENT SKIN IRRITATION IN SENSITIVE INDIVIDUALS. IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, (CHEMICAL RESISTANT) SUCH AS NEOPRENE, LATEX OR PVA.

OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT: TO PREVENT BODY CONTACT, IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS ARE RECOMMENDED. IMPERVIOUS APRONS AND HELMETS (HEAD COVER) ARE RECOMMENDED WHEN WORKING WITH THIS PRODUCT. THE AVAILABILITY OF EYE WASHES AND SAFETY SHOWERS IN WORK AREAS IS RECOMMENDED.

#### SECTION IX PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

BOILING POINT: (760mmHg) 98°C / 208°F (TBAc)		MELTING/FREEZING POINT:		
30 C / 200 T (1D/	10)	-62°C / 79°F (TBAc)		
VAPOR PRESSURI	_	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):		
41.5 mmHg@68°F/2	25°C (TBAc)	4.0 (TBAc)		
SOLUBILITY IN H2	0 % BY WT:	% VOLATILES BY VOL:		
INSOLUBLE		45-55%		
<b>EVAPORATION RA</b>	TE	REALITIVE DENSITY (H2O=1)		
(BuAc=1):		0.94		
2.8 MEDIUM (TBA	c)	0.94		
pH (AS IS): N/A		pH (1% SOLN): N/A		
APPEARANCE AND	O ODOR:	CLEAR LIQUID WITH SLIGHTLY SWEET SOLVENT ODOR		
FLASH POINT: (TEST METHOD)	4°C / 39°F (TCC) (TBAc)			
AUTOIGNITION TEMP:	517°C / 964°F (TBAc)			
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % BY VOL:	LOWER: 1.2% UPPER: 6.9% (TBAc)			

#### SECTION X STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY:	THIS PRODUCT IS STABLE.
INCOMPATIBILITY:	THIS PRODUCT IS INCOMPATIBLE WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS, STRONG ACIDS OR BASES, AND SELECTED AMINES.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	THERMAL DECOMPOSITION IN THE PRESENCE OF AIR MAY YIELD CARBON MONOXIDE AND/OR CARBON DIOXIDE, AND UNIDENTIFIED ORGANICS.
CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	N/A WILL NOT OCCUR

#### SECTION XI TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	LC50 (VAPOR)	RAT	4211 ppm	6 HOURS	
ACUTE TOXICITY	LD50 (ORAL)	RAT	4500 MG/KG BWT		
	LD50	RABBIT	>2000 ,G/KG BWT		
ACUTE EFFECTS	INHALATION  INGESTION  SKIN CONTACT		VAPORS OR AEROSOL MAY CAUSE IRRITATIONOF THE EYES, NOSE AND THROAT AS WELL AS CNS DEPRESSION (FATIGUE, DIZZINES, LOSS OF CONCENTRATION, WITH COLLAPSE, COMA AND DEATH POSSIBLE IN CASES OF SEVERE OVER EXPOSURE), INHALATION OF AIRBORNE DROPLETS MAY CAUSE IRRITATIONS OF THE RESPIRATORY TRACT. MAY CAUSE CNS DEPRSSION, GASTRIC DSCOMFORT, AND VOMITING. THIS MATERIAL IS AN ASPIRATION HAZARD. NO SYSTEMIC TOXICITY IS EXPECTED FROM ACUTE		
IRRITATION	SKIN		NOT A SKIN IRRITANT		
	EYES	- 1115110= 3	NO EYE IRRITATION		
SENSITIZATION	DOES NOT INDUCE SKIN SENSITIZATION.				
REPEATED DOES TOXICITY	INHALATION REPEATED EXPOSURE STUDIES DEMONSTRATED TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS IN MALE RATS (KINDEY) BY MECHANISM OF ACTION THAT IS NOT RELEVANT TO HUMAS NAD IN MICE (NERVOUS SYTEM) TRANSIENT BEHAVIOR CHANGES THAT WERE OBSERVED IMMEDIATELY AFTER EXPOSURE.				
REPRODUCTIVE	THIS SUBSTANCE IS NOT TOXIT TO				
<u>EFFEXTE</u>	REPRODUCTION. THE REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY				

	OF T-BUTYL ACETATE HAS BEEN INVESTAGATED IN RATS VIA A INHALATION ROUTE. THERE WERE NO ADVERSE EFFECTS ON REPRODUCTIVE PERFORMANCE OR SPERM NUMVER OR UALITY AT 1600 ppm, THE HIGHEST EXPOSURE LEVEL TESTED. IN ADDITION, NO GROSS OR HISTOPATHOLOGIC EFFECTS WERE OBSERVED IN THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS OF MALE AND FEMALE RATS OR MICE EXPOSED AT 1600 ppm FOR 90 DAYS IN A REPEATED EXPOSURE TOXICITY STUDY CONDUCTED VIA INHALATION AND THERE WAS NO ADVERSE EFFECTS ON ESTROUS CYCLE LENGTH IN MICE.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY	THIS SUBSTANCE IS NOT A DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICANT. IT DID NOT CAUSE MATERNAL TOXICITY AND NO EMBRO/FETAL TOXICITY OR DEVELOPMENTA ABNORMALITIES WERE OBSERVED IN THE OFF SPRINF OF ANIMALS FOLLOWING INHALATION EXPOSURES OF 1600 ppm.
GENETIS TOXICITY	NEGATICE FOR GENOTOXICITY USING BOTH IN VITRO AND IN VIVO TEST.
GARCINOGENICITY	SPECIFIC DATA NOT AVAILABLE. T-BUTANOL, THE PRIMARY METABOLITE OF T-BUTYL ACETATE IS AN ANAMAL CARCINOGEN. IN DRINKING WATER STUDY, T-BUTANOL INDUCED BEGIGN KIDNEY TUMORS IN MALE RATS VIA AN a-2u-GLOBULIN MODE OF ACTION, A TUMOR MECHANISM NOT RELEVANT TO HUMANS. IN FEMAL MICE, THERE WAS AN INCREASE INCIDENCE OF BEGIGN THYROID TUMORS, A TUMOR MECHANISM THAT MOST LIKELY IS NOT RELEVANT TO HUMAND. THIS SUBSTANCE IS NOT CLASSIIFIED FOR CARCINOGENICITY BY IARC, OSHA, NTP OR THE EPA.

#### SECTION XII ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION XII ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION					
	ACUTE FISH TOXICITY	LC50/96 HOURS	ONCORHYN CHUS MYKISS 240 mg/l	ACUTE TOSICITY TO FISH IS LOW	
	ACUTE TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEB RATES	EC50/48 HOURS	DAPHNIA MAGNE 350 mg/l	LOW ACUTE TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEBRAT ES.	
	TOXICITY TO AQUATIC PLANTS	EC/5096 HOURS	PSEUDOKIR CHNERIELL A SUBCAPITA TA 60 mg/l	LOW TOXICITY TO ALGAE	
ECOTOXICITY	TOXICITY TO MICROOR	EC3/16 HOURS	PSEUDOMO NAS PUTIDA 78 mg/l	LOW TOXICITY TO BACTERIA	
	GANISMS	EC3/72 HOURS	ENTOSPIHO N SULCATUM 970 mg/l		
	CHRONIC TOXICITY TO FISH	NO DATA AVAILABLE			
	CHRONIC TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEB RATES	NON DATA AVAILABLE			
	OTHER ADVRSE EFFECTS	EXPECTED TO SHOW LOW TOXICITY TO HIGHER PLANTS			
	EXPECTED TO BE EMMITTED AND PARTITION PREDOMINANTLY TO THE ATMOSPHERE. ACCIDENTIAL RELEASES TO WATER OR SOIL ARE EXPECTED TO EVAPORATED AND UNDERGO ATMOSPHERIC DECOMPOSITION PROCESSES.				
ENVIRONMEN TAL FATE AND PATHWAYS	MOBILITY		BEHAVIOR IN ENVIRONMENTAL COMPARTMENTS; RELEASED MATERIAL WOULD BE EXPECTED TO SHOW HIGH SOIL MOBILITY AND TO VOLATILIZE READILY FORM SOIL NAD SURFACE WATERS, FORMING ATMOSPHERIC VAPOR.		

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY	BIODEGRADATION: EXPECTED TO HYDROLYZE SLOWLY IN WATER (HALF-LIFE CA 0.5 YEARS OR LONGER). ATMOSPHERIC VAPORS EXPECTED TO BE PHOTOCHEMICALLY DEGRADED BY REACTION WITH HYDROXYL RADICALS (HALS LIKE 19.7 DAYS). INHERENTLY BIODEGRADABLE.
	BIOACCUMULATION: BIOCONCENTRATION FACTOR (BCF) 5.61 ( (QSAR CALCULATED VALUE) ) THIS MATERIAL IS NOT EXPECTED TO BIOACCUMULATE.
OTHE ADVERSE EFFECTS	THIS MATERIAL IS NOT CONSIDERED PERSISTENT BY EPA, AND IS NOT EXPECED TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE GREENHOUSE GAS EFFECT, STRATOSPHERIC OZONE DEPLETION. TROPOSPHERIC OZONE FORMATION, OR PARTICULATE MATTER FORMATION.

#### **SECTION XIII DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

AQUATIC TOXICITY (E,G, 96H. TLM): DO NOT DISCHARGE THIS PRODUCT INTO PUBLIC WATER OR WATERWA UNLES AUTHORIZED BY A NATIONAL POLLUTION DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT ISSUED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTIONS AGENCY (EPS)

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: IF POSSIBLE, PUMP TO CONTROLLED CONTAINMENT AREA. ABSORB ON CLAY OR SAND. DISPOSE OF IN COMPLIANCE WITH EPA, FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. TREATMENT, TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL MUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH EPA FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS UNDER THE RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA, 40 CFR 261). TYPICALLY CONTROLLED BURNING, INCINERATION OR APPROVED LAND FILL SITES ARE AVAILABLE.

#### SECTION XIV TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Governing Body	Mode	UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group
DOT	GROUND	1866	RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE)	3, FLAMMABLE	П
IATA	AIR	1866	RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE)	3, FLAMMABLE	II
IMDG	OCEAN	1866	RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE)	3, FLAMMABLE	II
MARINE POLLUTANT:		THIS PRO	DUCT DOES N	OT CONTAIN A	

MATERIAL. ON THE MARINE POLLUTANTS TABLE (HMT 172.101 APPENDIX B)

#### SECTION XV REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA: THE SOLVENT PORTION OF THIS PRODUCT IS LISTED ON THE TSCA INVENTORY AS A UVCB (UNKNOWN, VARIABLE COMPOSITION OR BIOLOGICAL) CHEMICAL AT CAS REGISTRY NUMBER 64742-95-6 (aromatic 100) AND 540-88-5 (tertiary butyl acetate).

**CERCLA:** IF THE REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT IS ACCIDENTALLY SPILLED. THE INCIDENT IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (CERCLA) AND MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER BY CALLING 1-800-424-8802 or 202-426-2675

THE REPORTABLE SPILL QUANTITY (RQ) OF THIS PRODUCT IS 5,000 POUNDS (BUTYL ACETATE).

SARA TITLE III: UNDER THÉ PROVISIONS OF TITLE III, SECTIONS 311/312 OF THE SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND RE-AUTHORIZATION ACT. THIS PRODUCT IS CLASSIFIED INTO THE FOLLOWING HAZARD CATEGORIES: DELAYED HEALTH, FIRE

ADDITIONAL REGULATORY CONCERNS: (FEDERAL, FDA, USDA, CPSC, STATE, OTHER)

FEDERAL / FDA / USDA:

MARINE POLLUTANTS: NO. THIS PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTAIN A MATERIAL ON THE MARINE POLLUTANTS TABLE (HMT 172.101 Appendix

CALIFORNIA PROP 65: WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Epichlorohydrin, Ethylbenzene, Crystalline Silica particles of respirable

CERCLA / RQ: 5000 POUNDS (BUTYL ACETATE, THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A MATERIAL ON THE RQ TABLE (HMT 172.101 Appendix A): BUTYL ACETATE, , XYLENES, MIXED

TSCA: IS THIS PRODUCT, OR ALL ITS INGREDIENTS, BEING CERTIFIED FOR INCLUSION ON THE TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT INVENTORY OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES? YES

#### **SECTION XVI OTHER INFORMATION**

PREPARED BY	DARRYL MANUEL / PRESIDENT	
COMPANY:	VEXCON CHEMICALS, INC.	
ADDRESS:	7240 STATE RD., PHILA., PA 19135 USA	
THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET		
HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM SOURCES BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE.		
VEXCON PROVIDES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND		
ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OR		

COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

HMIS HAZARD RATINGS: THIS INFORMATION IS FOR PEOPLE TRAINED IN: NATIONAL PAINT AND COATINGS ASSOCIATIONS (NPCA) HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS) NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA 704) IDENTIFICATION OF FIRE HAZARDS OF MATERIALS  KEY  4 SEVERE			
POWERCOAT EPOXY HD AIM CLEAR PART A	NPCA- HMIS	NFPA 704	3 SERIOUS
HEALTH	3	3	2 MODERATE
FLAMMABILITY	2	2	1 SLIGHT
REACTIVITY	0	0	0 MINIMAL



888-839-2661 | sales@vexcon.com | 7240 State Road | Philadelphia, PA 19135 VEXCON.COM

HAZARD RATING 4=EXTREME 3=HIGH 2=MODERATE 1=SLIGHT 0=INSIGNIFICANT

HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	2
REACTIVITY	0

SAFETY DATA SHEET VEXCON NO. CP103-AIM

## POWERCOAT EPOXY HD AIM **CLEAR PART B**

#### **SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION**

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION:			
POWERCOAT EPO	POWERCOAT EPOXY HD AIM CLEAR PART B		
VOC CONTENT:	AS APPLIED: 300 GRMAS/LITER OR <2.50 #/GAL		
	PART A ONLY: 380 g/L (37%) PART B ONLY: 220 g/L (63%)		
CATEGORY:	INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE COATING		
COMMON NAME:	EXPOXY COATING FOR CONCRETE		
MANUFACTURER:	VEXCON CHEMICALS, INC		
<u>ADDRESS</u>	7240 STATE RD, PHILADELPHIA, PA 19135		
EMERGENCY NO;	800.858.2828 (PolySat Inc)		
TELEPHONE NO:	215.332.7709 (Vexcon)		
CHEMTREC NO:	800.424.9300 (CCN# 23822)		
PREPARED:	MAY 1996		
UPDATED:	DECEMBER 2013		
PREPARED BY:	DARRY F. MANUEL , PRESIDENT		

#### **SECTION II - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

#### DOT SHIPPING NAME:

UN ID NUMBER / SHIPPING NAME / HAZARD CLASS / PKG GROUP IN CONTAINERS LESS THAN 119 GALS:

UN 1866, RESIN SOLUTION(TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE), FLAMMABLE, 3, PGII,

IN CONTAINERS GREATER THAN 119 GALS: UN 1866, RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE), FLAMMABLE, 3, II,



FOR LIMITED QUANTITY AIR & OCEAN SHIPMENT: UN 1866, RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE), FLAMMABLE, 3, II, LIMITED QUANTITY

LTD QTY Limits: Passenger Air Limit 60L (15.8gal); Cargo Air Limit 220L (58.1gal)

ORM-D: MAX. 30 Kg gross wt

HEALTH AND SAFETY: FLAMMABLE OR COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID: USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION: IF SWALLOWED, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING: USE OF SOLVENT RESISTANT GLOVES, GOGGLES AND OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT IS ADVISED WHEN HANDLING THIS PRODUCT: ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO THE LUNGS CAN CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL: USE OF RESPIRATORS IS ADVISED WHEN USING PRODUCT IN CONFINED AREA.







#### **SECTION III HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

MATERIAL OR	CAS NO.	%	HAZARD DATA	UN#
BISPHENOL A / EPICHLOROHYDRIN EPOXY RESIN	25068-38- 6	65- 75%	NOT ESTABLISHED	N/A
TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE	540-88-5	10- 15%	OSHA HAZARD: FLAMMABLE LIQUID OSHA PEL: 200 ppm ACGIH TLV: 200 ppm	1123
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOPROPYL ETHER	002807- 30-9	1- 5%%	OSHA HAZARD: COMBUSTIBLE TLV 100 ppm	1993
CYCLOHEXANONE	108-94-1	1- 5%%	OSHA PEL 50 ppm, 200 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV 20 ppm, 80 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH REL 25 ppm, 100 mg/m3 TWA	1915
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (Petroleum), LIGHT AROMATIC	64742-95- 6	10- 15%	TLV 50 PPM OSHA HAZARD: COMBUSTIBLE	1268
THE SOLVENT PORTI		THE FO	LLOWING SECTION 313	
COMPONENT	CAS NO.	MAX %	HAZARD DATA	UN#
1,2,4 TRIMETHYL BENZENE (PSEUDOCUMENE)	95-63-6	1.5% MAX	DOT LABEL: FLAMMABLE LIQUID OSHA PEL not regulated ACGIH TLV 25 ppm (TWA) NIOSH REL: 25 ppm (TWA)	1993
XYLENES	1330-20-7	2.2% MAX	DOT LABEL: FLAMMABLE LIQUID OSHA PEL: 100 ppm (TWA) ACGIH TLV 100 ppm (TWA)	1307
CUMENE	98-82-8	<1.1 % MAX	OSHA PEL: 50 ppm (TWA) ACGIH TLV 50 ppm (TWA)	1918

#### SECTION IV FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **HEALTH HAZARD DATA HAZARD CLASSIFICATION BASIS FOR CLASSIFICATION SOURCE**

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:		
NOOTE OF	THIS PRODUCT MAY CREATE BREATHING DIFFICULTIES. DIZZINESS. LIGHTHEADEDNESS	
	WHEN WORKING IN AREAS WITH HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATION.	
INHALATION:	VAPOR INHALATION CAN CAUSE NASAL AND	
	RESPIRATORY IRRITATION, DIZZINESS, WEAKNESS, FATIGUE, NAUSEA OR HEADACHE.	
	Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components	
SKIN CONTACT:	THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT.	
	Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components	

SKIN	THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION		
ABSORPTION:	UPON PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT.		
	Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components		
EYE CONTACT:	THIS PRODUCT MAY BE AN EYE IRRITANT.		
	Tertiary Butyl Acetate and AR100 Components		
	CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION,		
	NAUSEA, VOMITING.SMALL AMOUNTS OF LIQUID		
INGESTION /	ASPIRATED INTO THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM		
INHALATION	DURING INGESTION, OR FROM VOMITING, MAY		
INHALATION	CAUSE BRONCHOPNEUMONIA OR PULMONARY		
	EDEMA. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. SEEK		
	IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.		
	TLV 50 ppm AR-100		
EFFECTS OF	ANESTHESIA, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, DIZZINESS.		
OVEREXPOSURE:	LIQUIDS MODERATELY IRRITATING ON SKIN AND		
	EYES.		
	ANESTHESIA, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, DIZZINESS:		
ACUTE	MODERATE IRRITATION BY LIQUID TO SKIN AND		
OVEREXPOSURE:	EYES. PROLONGED CONTACT ON THE SKIN WILL		
OVEREXI OSORE.	CLAY AND DEFAT THE SKIN POSSIBLY CAUSING		
	DERMATITIS.		
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:			
EWIERGENCI AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES.			
	FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15		
EYES:	MINUTES. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.		
	CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.		
	WASH WITH SOAP AND LARGE QUANTITIES OF		
SKIN:	WATER SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF SKIN		

EYES:	FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.
SKIN:	WASH WITH SOAP AND LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF SKIN IRRITATION DEVELOPS AND PERSISTS.
INHALATION:	MOVE TO LOCATION FREE FROM VAPORS. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. IF BREATHING STOPS, BEGIN ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION AND SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.  NOTE: THIS MATERIAL RELEASES ETHYL ALCOHOL UPON HYDROLYSIS. ETHYL ALCOHOL CAUSES OPTIC NEUROPATHY, METABOLIC ACIDOSIS AND RESPIRATORY DEPRESSION. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INCLUDE HEADACHE, BLURRED VISION, CONSTRICTED VISUAL FIELDS, SHORTNESS OF BREATH, DIZZINESS AND VERTIGO.
INGESTION:	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

#### SECTION V FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	EXCLUDE AIR. FIRES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT MAY BE CONTROLLED BY <b>REGULAR FOAM, CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICALS OR WATER SPRAY.</b> WATER MAY BE USED TO REDUCE THE RATE OF BURNING AND FOR COOLING PURPOSES. AVOID SPRAYING WATER DIRECTLY INTO STORAGE CONTAINERS DUE TO DANGER OF BOIL OVER.
GENERAL HAZARD:	FLAMMABLE - CAN FORM COMBUSTIBLE MIXTURES AT TEMPERATURES AT OR ABOVE THE FLASH POINT. STATIC DISCHARGE - MATERIAL CAN ACCUMULATE STATIC CHARGES WHICH CAN CAUSE AN INCENDIARY ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE. "EMPTY" CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE (LIQUID AND/OR VAPOR) AND CAN BE DANGEROUS. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION: THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. EMPTY DRUMS SHOULD BE COMPLETELY DRAINED, PROPERLY BUNGED AND PROMPTLY RETURNED TO A DRUM RECONDITIONER, OR PROPERLY DISPOSED OF.
ELECTRO- STATIC ACCUMULATION HAZARD:	USE PROPER GROUNDING
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:	IF STORAGE CONTAINERS ARE EXPOSED TO EXCESSIVE HEAT, <u>OVER PRESSURIZATION</u> OF THE CONTAINERS CAN RESULT.  VAPOR IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND MAY TRAVEL ALONG THE GROUND OR THROUGH VENTILATION SYSTEM CONSIDERABLE DISTANCE TO A SOURCE OF IGNITION AND FLASH BACK.  KEEP WORK AREAS FREE OF HOT METAL SURFACES AND OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION.

	THE USE OF <b>SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING</b>
	APPARATUS WITH FULL FACE PIECE OPERATED IN
	PRESSURE-DEMAND OR OTHER POSITIVE PRESSURE
	MODE SHOULD BE PROVIDED FOR FIRE FIGHTERS IN
	BUILDINGS OR CONFINED AREAS WHERE THIS
SPECIAL FIRE	PRODUCT IS STORED.
FIGHTING	STORAGE CONTAINERS EXPOSED TO FIRE SHOULD
PROCEDURES	BE KEPT COOL WITH WATER SPRAY IN ORDER TO
PROCEDURES	PREVENT PRESSURE BUILD UP.
	USE WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE EXPOSED
	SURFACES AND TO PROTECT PERSONNEL. ISOLATE
	"FUEL" SUPPLY FROM FIRE.
	AVOID SPREADING BURNING LIQUID WITH WATER
	USED FOR COOLING PURPOSES.

#### SECTION VI ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: ELIMINATE SOURCES OF IGNITION (FLARES, FLAMES, PILOT LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL SPARKS). PREVENT ADDITIONAL DISCHARGE OF MATERIAL; IF POSSIBLE TO DO SO WITHOUT HAZARD. FOR SMALL SPILLS, IMPLEMENT CLEANUP PROCEDURES. FOR LARGE SPILL, IMPLEMENT CLEAN UP PROCEDURES AND, IF IN PUBLIC AREA, KEEP PUBLIC AWAY AND ADVISE AUTHORITIES. DIKE SPILL AREA WITH SAND OR EARTH TO CONTAIN SPILLED LIQUID AND PREVENT SPREADING. DO NOT USE COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS SUCH AS SAWDUST. PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TANK. REMAINING LIQUID CAN BE TAKEN UP ON SAND, EARTH, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR WITH ANOTHER SUITABLE ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND SHOVELED INTO CONTAINERS. CONSULT AN EXPERT ON DISPOSAL OF RECOVERED MATERIAL AND ENSURE CONFORMITY TO EPA, FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL DISPOSAL REGULATIONS

#### SECTION VII HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: PERSONNEL SHOULD AVOID INHALATION OF VAPORS. PERSONAL CONTACT WITH THE PRODUCT SHOULD BE AVOIDED. SHOULD CONTACT BE MADE, REMOVE SATURATED APPAREL AND FLUSH AFFECTED BODY AREAS WITH WATER. CLOTHING MUST BE WASHED AND DRIED BEFORE REUSE CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUE (VAPOR, LIQUID AND/OR SOLID). ALL HAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THIS DATA SHEET MUST BE OBSÉRVED.

FIRE FIGHTING: WATER MAY BE UNSUITABLE AS AN EXTINGUISHING MEDIUM BUT HELPFUL IN KEEPING ADJACENT CONTAINERS COOL AVOID SPREADING BURNING LIQUID WITH WATER USED FOR COOLING PURPOSES. PERSONNEL SHOULD AVOID INHALATION OF VAPORS OTHER HANDLING AND STORAGE REQUIREMENTS: STORE AND USE IN WELL VENTILATED AREA, EQUIVALENT TO FRESH AIR. KEEP CONTAINERS COOL, DRY, AND AWAY FROM SOURCES OF IGNITION. KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED. DO NOT STORE WITH INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS. STORE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. DO NOT STORE OR CONSUME

FOOD, DRINK, OR TOBACCO IN AREAS WHERE THEY MAY BECOME CONTAMINATED WITH THIS MATERIAL. KEEP AWAY FROM HIGH TEMPERATURES, OPEN FLAMES, SPARKS, SOURCES OF IGNITION, ETC. USE WITH EXPLOSION PROOF EQUIPMENT IS HIGHLY ADVISABLE

### SECTION VIII EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS:** LOCAL MECHANICAL VENTILATION MAY BE SUFFICIENT TO KEEP PRODUCT VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS WITHIN SPECIFIED TIME-WEIGHTED TLV RANGES. IF LOCAL VENTILATION PROVES INADEQUATE TO MAINTAIN SAFE VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS, SUPPLEMENTAL LOCAL EXHAUST MAY BE REQUIRED. OTHER SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS SUCH AS RESPIRATORY MASKS OR ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAINMENT DEVICES MAY BE REQUIRED IN EXTREME CASES RESPIRATORY (SPECIFY IN DETAIL): THE USE OF RESPIRATORY PROTECTION DEPENDS ON VAPOR CONCENTRATION ABOVE THE TIME WEIGHTED TLV: USE OF OSHA APPROVED CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR OR GAS MASK OR AIR-PACK. CHEMICAL CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR: HALF MASK ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE. FULL FACE ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE IF EYE PROTECTION IS NEEDED. **EYES:** CHEMICAL GOGGLES AND/OR FACE SHIELD ARE RECOMMENDED TO SAFEGUARD AGAINST POTENTIAL EYE CONTACT, IRRITATION OR **GLOVES:** THE USE OF IMPERMEABLE GLOVES IS ADVISED TO PREVENT

OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT: TO PREVENT BODY CONTACT, IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS ARE RECOMMENDED. IMPERVIOUS APRONS AND HELMETS (HEAD COVER) ARE RECOMMENDED WHEN WORKING WITH THIS PRODUCT. THE AVAILABILITY OF EYE WASHES AND SAFETY SHOWERS IN WORK AREAS IS RECOMMENDED.

SKIN IRRITATION IN SENSITIVE INDIVIDUALS. IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, (CHEMICAL RESISTANT) SUCH AS NEOPRENE, LATEX OR PVA

#### SECTION IX PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

BOILING POINT: (760mmHg)		MELTING/FREEZING POINT:			
98°C / 208°F (TBAc)		-62°C / 79°F (TBAc)			
VAPOR PRESSURI	_	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):			
41.5 mmHg@68°F/2		4.0 (TBAc)			
SOLUBILITY IN H2	<u>0 % BY WT:</u>	% VOLATILES BY VOL:			
INSOLUBLE		45-55%			
<b>EVAPORATION RA</b>	TE	REALITIVE DENSITY (H2O=1)			
(BuAc=1):		0.94			
2.8 MEDIUM (TBAG	<b>:</b> )	0.94			
pH (AS IS): N/A		pH (1% SOLN): N/A			
APPEARANCE AND ODOR:		CLEAR LIQUID WITH SLIGHTLY SWEET SOLVENT ODOR			
FLASH POINT: (TEST METHOD)	4°C / 39°F (TCC) (TBAc)				
AUTOIGNITION TEMP:	517°C / 964°F (TBAc)				
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % BY VOL:	LOWER: 1.2% UPPER: 6.9% (TBAc)				

#### SECTION X STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY:	THIS PRODUCT IS STABLE.		
INCOMPATIBILITY:	THIS PRODUCT IS INCOMPATIBLE WITH STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS, STRONG ACIDS OR BASES, AND SELECTED AMINES.		
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	THERMAL DECOMPOSITION IN THE PRESENCE OF AIR MAY YIELD CARBON MONOXIDE AND/OR CARBON DIOXIDE, AND UNIDENTIFIED ORGANICS.		
CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	N/A WILL NOT OCCUR		

### SECTION XI TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	LC50	RAT	4211 ppm	6 HOURS		
	(VAPOR)					
ACUTE TOXICITY	LD50 RAT		4500 MG/KG			
	(ORAL)		BWT			
	LD50	RABBIT	>2000 ,G/KG			
	INILIAL ATIC	NA.	VAPORS OR A	TROOOL MANY		
ACUTE EFFECTS	INHALATION		CAUSE IRRITATIONOF THE EYES, NOSE AND THROAT AS WELL AS CNS DEPRESSION (FATIGUE, DIZZINES, LOSS OF CONCENTRATION, WITH COLLAPSE, COMA AND DEATH POSSIBLE IN CASES OF SEVERE OVER EXPOSURE), INHALATION OF AIRBORNE DROPLETS MAY CAUSE IRRITATIONS OF THE RESPIRATORY			
	INGESTION		TRACT.  MAY CAUSE CNS DEPOSION CASTRIC			
				DEPRSSION, GASTRIC DSCOMFORT, AND		
			VOMITING. THIS MATERIAL			
			IS AN ASPIRATION HAZARD.			
	SKIN CON	TACT	NO SYSTEMIC TOXICITY IS EXPECTED FROM ACUTE DERMAL EXPOSURE			
IRRITATION	SKIN		NOT A SKIN IRRITANT			
	EYES NO EYE IRRITATION					
<u>SENSITIZATION</u>	DOES NOT INDUCE SKIN SENSITIZATION.					
REPEATED DOES TOXICITY	INHALATION REPEATED EXPOSURE STUDIES DEMONSTRATED TARGET ORGAN EFFECTS IN MALE RATS (KINDEY) BY MECHANISM OF ACTION THAT IS NOT RELEVANT TO HUMAS NAD IN MICE (NERVOUS SYTEM) TRANSIENT BEHAVIOR CHANGES THAT WERE OBSERVED IMMEDIATELY AFTER EXPOSURE.					
REPRODUCTIVE	THIS SUBSTANCE IS NOT TOXIT TO					
EFFEXTE	REPRODUCTION. THE REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY					

	OF T-BUTYL ACETATE HAS BEEN INVESTAGATED IN RATS VIA A INHALATION ROUTE. THERE WERE NO ADVERSE EFFECTS ON REPRODUCTIVE PERFORMANCE OR SPERM NUMVER OR UALITY AT 1600 ppm, THE HIGHEST EXPOSURE LEVEL TESTED. IN ADDITION, NO GROSS OR HISTOPATHOLOGIC EFFECTS WERE OBSERVED IN THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS OF MALE AND FEMALE RATS OR MICE EXPOSED AT 1600 ppm FOR 90 DAYS IN A REPEATED EXPOSURE TOXICITY STUDY CONDUCTED VIA INHALATION AND THERE WAS NO ADVERSE EFFECTS ON ESTROUS CYCLE LENGTH IN MICE.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY	THIS SUBSTANCE IS NOT A DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICANT. IT DID NOT CAUSE MATERNAL TOXICITY AND NO EMBRO/FETAL TOXICITY OR DEVELOPMENTA ABNORMALITIES WERE OBSERVED IN THE OFF SPRINF OF ANIMALS FOLLOWING INHALATION EXPOSURES OF 1600 ppm.
GENETIS TOXICITY	NEGATICE FOR GENOTOXICITY USING BOTH IN VITRO AND IN VIVO TEST.
GARCINOGENICITY	SPECIFIC DATA NOT AVAILABLE. T-BUTANOL, THE PRIMARY METABOLITE OF T-BUTYL ACETATE IS AN ANAMAL CARCINOGEN. IN DRINKING WATER STUDY, T-BUTANOL INDUCED BEGIGN KIDNEY TUMORS IN MALE RATS VIA AN a-2u-GLOBULIN MODE OF ACTION, A TUMOR MECHANISM NOT RELEVANT TO HUMANS. IN FEMAL MICE, THERE WAS AN INCREASE INCIDENCE OF BEGIGN THYROID TUMORS, A TUMOR MECHANISM THAT MOST LIKELY IS NOT RELEVANT TO HUMAND. THIS SUBSTANCE IS NOT CLASSIIFIED FOR CARCINOGENICITY BY IARC, OSHA, NTP OR THE EPA.

### SECTION XII ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	ACUTE FISH TOXICITY	LC50/96 HOURS	ONCORH YNCHUS MYKISS 240 mg/l	ACUTE TOSICITY TO FISH IS LOW		
	ACUTE TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEBRA TES	EC50/48 HOURS	DAPHNIA MAGNE 350 mg/l	LOW ACUTE TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEBRA TES.		
	TOXICITY TO AQUATIC PLANTS	EC/5096 HOURS	PSEUDO KIRCHNE RIELLA SUBCAPI TATA 60 mg/l	LOW TOXICITY TO ALGAE		
ECOTOXICITY	TOXICITY TO MICROORGA NISMS	EC3/16 HOURS	PSEUDO MONAS PUTIDA 78 mg/l	LOW TOXICITY TO BACTERIA		
		EC3/72 HOURS	ENTOSPI HON SULCATU M 970 mg/l			
	CHRONIC TOXICITY TO FISH	NO DATA AVAILABLE				
	CHRONIC TOXICITY TO AQUATIC INVERTEBRA TES	NON DATA AVAILABLE				
	OTHER ADVRSE EFFECTS	EXPECTED TO SHOW LOW TOXICITY TO HIGHER PLANTS				
	EXPECTED TO BE EMMITTED AND PARTITION PREDOMINANTLY TO THE ATMOSPHERE. ACCIDENTIAL RELEASES TO WATER OR SOIL ARE EXPECTED TO EVAPORATED AND UNDERGO ATMOSPHERIC DECOMPOSITION PROCESSES.			E. ACCIDENTIAL PECTED TO		
ENVIRONMEN TAL FATE AND PATHWAYS	MOBILITY  BEHAVIOR IN ENVIRONMENTAL COMPARTMENTS; RELE MATERIAL WOULD BE EXPECTED TO SHOW H SOIL MOBILITY AND TO VOLATILIZE READILY F SOIL NAD SURFACE WATERS, FORMING			NTS; RELEASED DULD BE D SHOW HIGH Y AND TO EADILY FORM RFACE		

	ATMOSPHERIC VAPOR.
PERSISTENCE AND	BIODEGRADATION:
DEGRADABILITY	EXPECTED TO HYDROLYZE
	SLOWLY IN WATER (HALF-
	LIFE CA 0.5 YEARS OR
	LONGER). ATMOSPHERIC
	VAPORS EXPECTED TO BE
	PHOTOCHEMICALLY
	DEGRADED BY REACTION
	WITH HYDROXYL RADICALS
	(HALS LIKE 19.7 DAYS).
	INHERENTLY
	BIODEGRADABLE.
	BIOACCUMULATION:
	BIOCONCENTRATION
	FACTOR (BCF) 5.61 ( (QSAR
	CALCULATED VALUE) ) THIS
	MATERIAL IS NOT EXPECTED
	TO BIOACCUMULATE.
OTHE ADVERSE	THIS MATERIAL IS NOT
EFFECTS	CONSIDERED PERSISTENT
	BY EPA, AND IS NOT
	EXPECED TO CONTRIBUTE
	TO THE GREENHOUSE GAS
	EFFECT, STRATOSPHERIC
	OZONE DEPLETION.
	TROPOSPHERIC OZONE
	FORMATION, OR
	PARTICULATE MATTER
	FORMATION.

#### SECTION XIII DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

AQUATIC TOXICITY (E,G, 96H. TLM): DO NOT DISCHARGE THIS PRODUCT INTO PUBLIC WATER OR WATERWA UNLES AUTHORIZED BY A NATIONAL POLLUTION DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT ISSUED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTIONS AGENCY (EPS).

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: IF POSSIBLE, PUMP TO CONTROLLED CONTAINMENT AREA. ABSORB ON CLAY OR SAND. DISPOSE OF IN COMPLIANCE WITH EPA, FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. TREATMENT, TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL MUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH EPA FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS UNDER THE RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA, 40 CFR 261). TYPICALLY CONTROLLED BURNING, INCINERATION OR APPROVED LAND FILL SITES ARE AVAILABLE.

#### SECTION XIV TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Governing Body	Mode	UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	hipping Hazard	
DOT	GROUND	1866	RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE)	3, FLAMMABLE	II
IATA	AIR	1866	RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE)	3, FLAMMABLE	II
IMDG	OCEAN	1866	RESIN SOLUTION (TERTIARY BUTYL ACETATE)	3, FLAMMABLE	II
MARINE POLLUTANT:		THIS PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTAIN A MATERIAL. ON THE MARINE POLLUTANTS TABLE (HMT 172.101 APPENDIX B)			

#### **SECTION XV REGULATORY INFORMATION**

TSCA: THE SOLVENT PORTION OF THIS PRODUCT IS LISTED ON THE TSCA INVENTORY AS A UVCB (UNKNOWN, VARIABLE COMPOSITION OR BIOLOGICAL) CHEMICAL AT CAS REGISTRY NUMBER 64742-95-6 (aromatic 100) AND 540-88-5 (tertiary butyl acetate).

CERCLA: IF THE REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF THIS PRODUCT IS ACCIDENTALLY SPILLED, THE INCIDENT IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (CERCLA) AND MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER BY CALLING 1-800-424-8802 or 202-426-2675.

THE REPORTABLE SPILL QUANTITY (RQ) OF THIS PRODUCT IS 5,000 POUNDS (BUTYL ACETATE).

SARA TITLE III: UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF TITLE III, SECTIONS 311/312 OF THE SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND RE-AUTHORIZATION ACT, THIS PRODUCT IS CLASSIFIED INTO THE FOLLOWING HAZARD CATEGORIES: DELAYED HEALTH, FIRE

ADDITIONAL REGULATORY CONCERNS: (FEDERAL, FDA, USDA, CPSC, STATE, OTHER)

FEDERAL / FDA / USDA:

MARINE POLLUTANTS: NO. THIS PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTAIN A MATERIAL ON THE MARINE POLLUTANTS TABLE (HMT 172.101 Appendix B).

CALIFORNIA PROP 65: WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Epichlorohydrin, Ethylbenzene, Crystalline Silica particles of respirable size)

CERCLA / RQ: 5000 POUNDS (BUTYL ACETATE, THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A MATERIAL ON THE RQ TABLE (HMT 172.101 Appendix A): BUTYL ACETATE, , XYLENES, MIXED

TSCA: IS THIS PRODUCT, OR ALL ITS INGREDIENTS, BEING CERTIFIED FOR INCLUSION ON THE TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT INVENTORY OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES? YES

#### SECTION XVI OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARED BY	PREPARED BY DARRYL MANUEL / PRESIDENT					
COMPANY:	VEXCON CHEMICALS, INC.					
ADDRESS:	7240 STATE RD., PHILA., PA 19135 USA					
THE INFORMATION	THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET					
HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM SOURCES BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE.						
VEXCON PROVIDES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, AND						
ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OR						
COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.						

HMIS HAZARD RATINGS:				
THIS INFORMATION IS FOR PEOPLE NATIONAL PAINT AND COATINGS AS HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICA NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOC	KEY 4 SEVERE			
IDENTIFICATION OF FIRE HAZARDS O	4 OLVLINE			
POWERCOAT EPOXY NPCA- NFPA HD AIM CLEAR PART B HMIS 704			3 SERIOUS	
HEALTH 2 2			2 MODERATE	
FLAMMABILITY 3 3			1 SLIGHT	
REACTIVITY 0 0			0 MINIMAL	